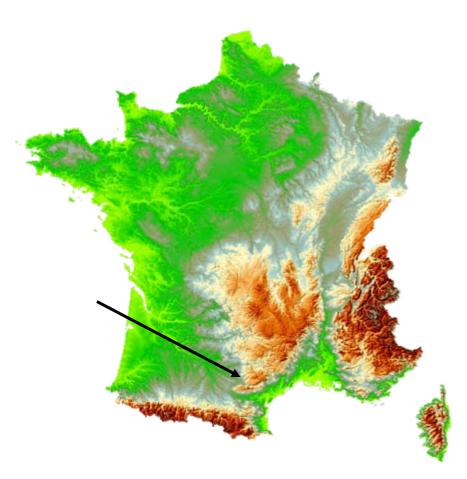
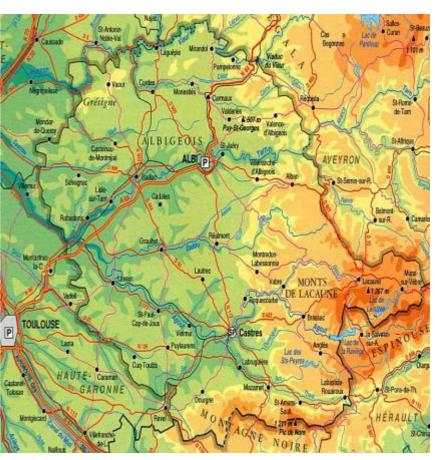
### TARN FORESTS FACING CLIMATE CHANGE





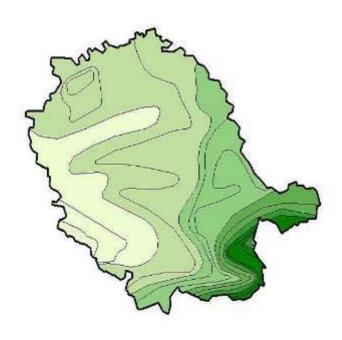
#### DEPARTEMENT LOCATION







#### DEPARTEMENT LOCATION







### Consequences!

- For its privileged location :
  - Moderate altitude and strong steady precipitations.
  - Soils from weathering of old crystalline rocks.
  - Long growing season for its southern location.
- Tarn productive forest has always been thriven with no big trouble.
  - BUT

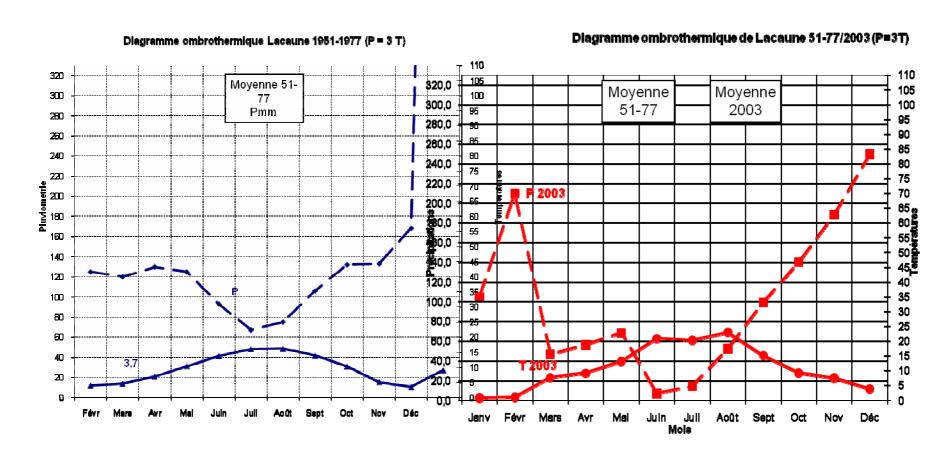


#### 2003 Summer time happened!

#### Lacaune Ombrothermic diagram

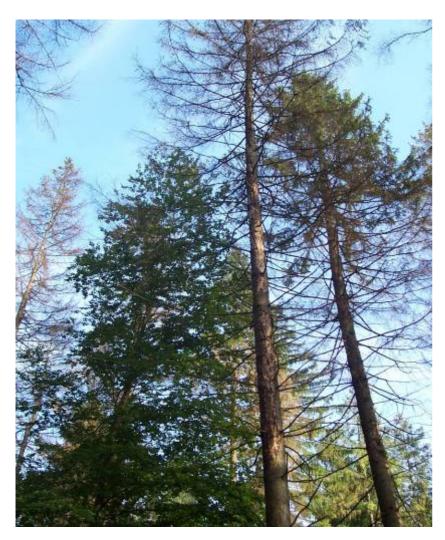
• 1950-1977

• 2003





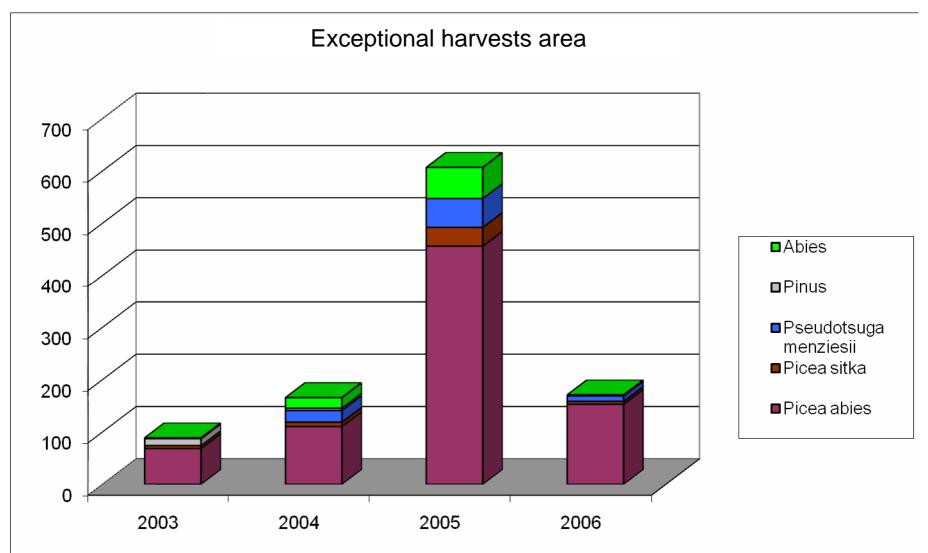
### Consequences





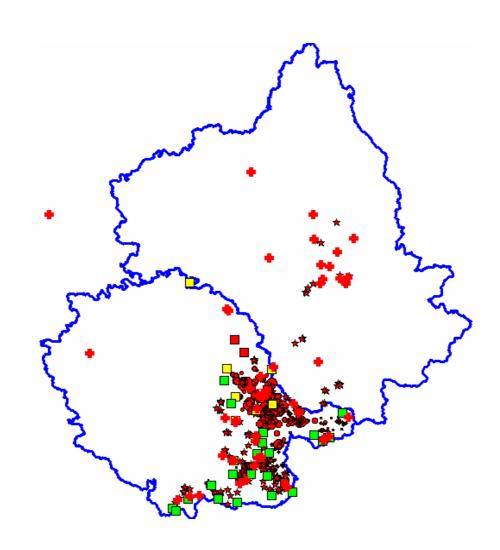


### Damages chronology





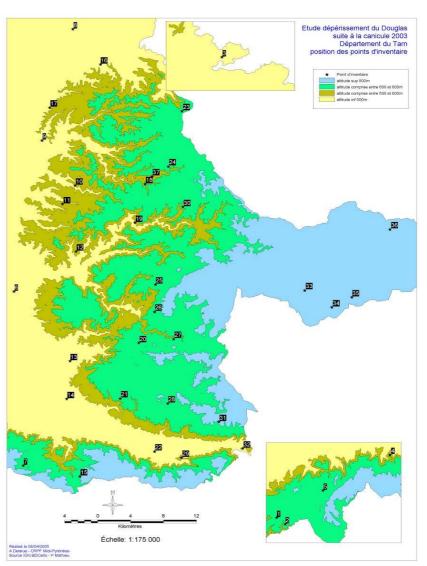
#### Location of exceptional harvests





### Follow-up of Pseudotsuga menziesii stands

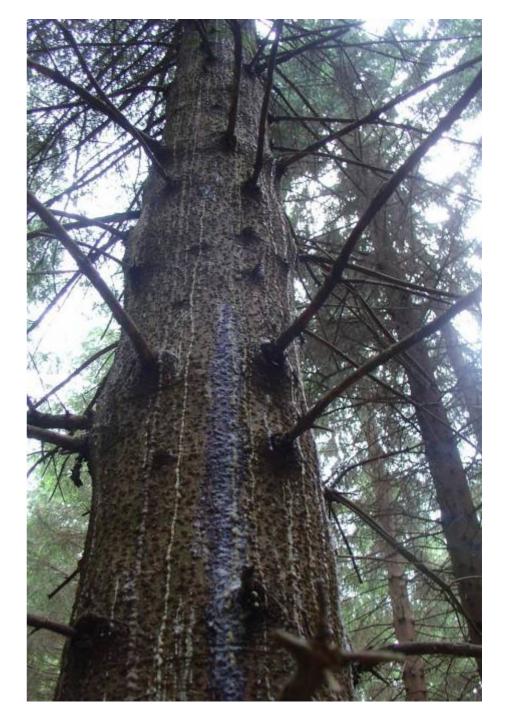
- 37 plots observed in:
- 2005
- 2006
- - 2007
- 2008





#### Follow-up of CRPF Picea stands

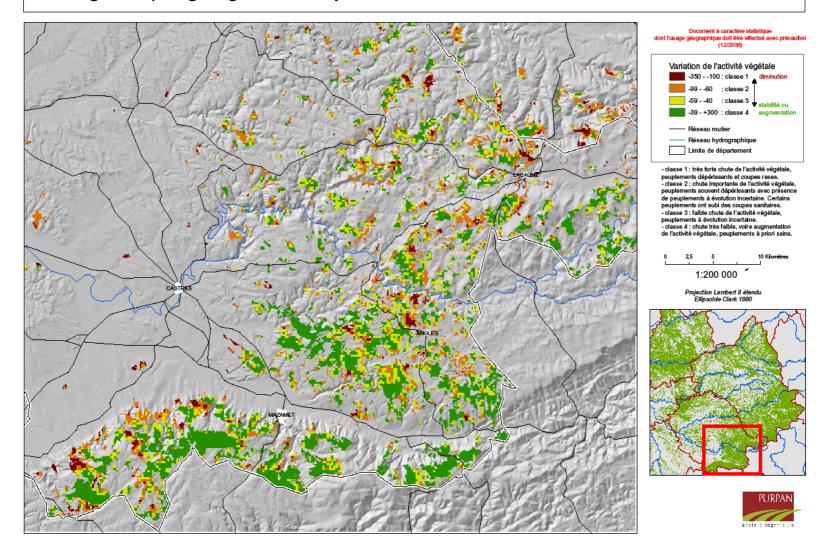
• 31 plots were observed in 2004





#### Follow-up by remote sensing

Change in spring vegetal activity for coniferous stands between 2000 and 2005



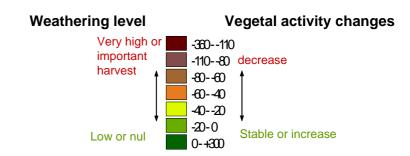


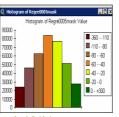
#### Follow-up by remote sensing

- « The approach relies on the analysis of a temporal set of images of vegetation index (NDVI) on the 2000-2005\* period » (EIP 2005)
- Reused in 2005-2007.

#### **Sugestion**

•Map threshold of Regre values









#### Local response

- February 8th and 9th 2007, Tarn Forest House initiative, a meeting of several research organizations took place, were present at Mazamet:
- INRA
- CEMAGREF
- AFOCEL
- - VILMORIN



# Response: Follow-up of certified origin plantations

- Sensing of Pseudotsuga Menzisii from Luzette tree seed ochard implemented in 2007with the help of following private forest operators:
- Forestarn
- Cofogar
- Sud Abies



## Follow-up of certified origin plantations

- today 28 sites have been listed
- a survey was carried out with a protocole derived from the CEMAGREF Cervidae damages observation one.





### Responses: forest stocks treatment

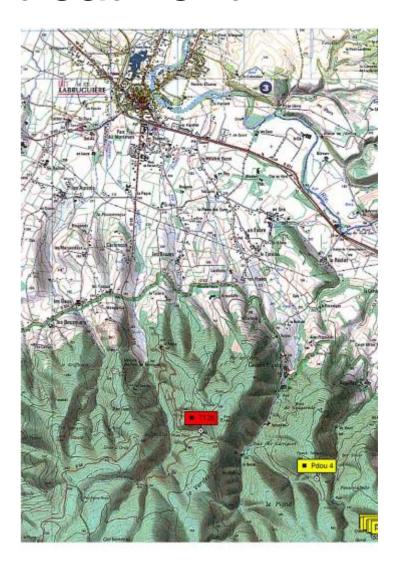


- Treatment of stocks of *Picea* in forest during 2007 summer.
- Creation of a CRPF- forest contractors cooperatives partnership
- After checking the opportunity of an erradicant treatment by Health Forest Department (DSF) CRPF correspondent, an eventual piles treatment was implemented.



### Responses: forest stock treatment

- 5 observation campains were carried out with 3 weeks gaps.
- **56 000m³** were controled in 100 piles.
- 30 500 m<sup>3</sup> didn't need intervention.
- 17 500 m<sup>3</sup> were barked by fellers.
- only 8 000 m<sup>3</sup> were treated.





# Responses: growing contract

A growing contract
 was implemented
 between Benoit
 nursery and Forestarn
 cooperative to
 produce 1-0 plants in
 containers with
 guaranty origins.





### Responses: cultivation contract

 From 2008 15 000 plants of Luzette origine Luzette were planted in several members of the cooperative ownerships.





#### Responses:

 A CNPPF protocole comparing these different origins was also implemented in the Tarn « département » by the Forest Development Institute of the CNPPF (SUF

IDF).





### The future? Cedrus

 In 2006-2007, a Fogefor (owners training) gathering 15 owners studied the interest and risks about introducing Cedrus atlantica to replace weathering Picea.



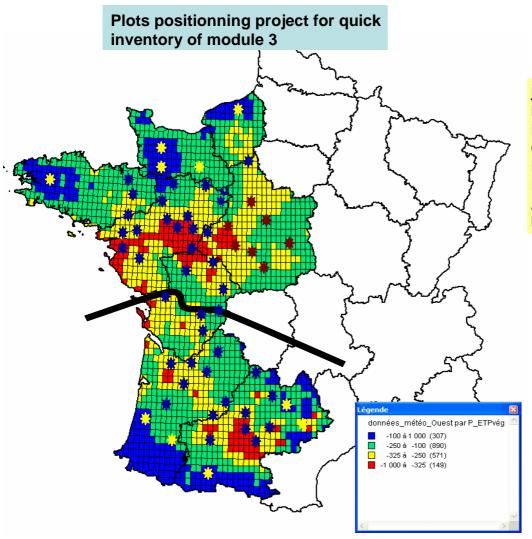


# The future? Pseudotsuga Menzisii

- A study about root system of this species is on the way of completion.
- Relies on existing observation network.
- Will take part in Dryade network.



### And now at the regional level: Quercus robur!



#### For the best

Bretagne: 3 forests (2011?)

Normandie: 4 to 5 forests (2010)
Centre region: 7 to 8 forests if RMT
Pays de Loire: 13 forests (2010)

Poitou-Charentes: 7 to 8 forests (2010)

Aguitaine: 6 to 8 forests

Midi-Pyrénées: 12 forests (2011)

TOTAL: 52 to 57 forests Maximum 260 to 342 mini-plots



### And now at the regional level: *Abies alba* Fir stand of St Croix Volvestre?

